TRANSFORMATION AND REGENERATION OF NICOTIANA

- Standard molecular laboratory equipment
- Biological air-flow cabinet (laminar flow hood)
- Shaking incubator (at 28 C)
- Plant growth cabinet
- Scalpels, forceps
- Head bead for sterilisation of scalpels and forceps
- You will also need Ethanol and Sodium Hypochlorite and Tween 20 for sterilisation of surfaces and leaf tissues.

MS Broth

1X Murashige and Skoog medium 3% Sucrose pH 5.7

Co-cultivation Medium

1X Murashige and Skoog basal salt mixture
1X Gamborg's B5 vitamins (or substitute 1X Gamborg's B5 vitamins with standard MS medium with vitamins (Sigma M5519))
0.59g/L MES
3% Sucrose
pH 5.8

Regeneration Medium

1X Murashige and Skoog basal salt mixture 1X Gamborg's B5 vitamins (or substitute 1X Gamborg's B5 vitamins with standard MS medium with vitamins (Sigma M5519)) 3% Sucrose 0.59g/L MES

3% Sucrose
0.59g/L MES
1.0mg/L BAP
2.6 g/L phytagel
pH 5.8
appropriate antibiotics – see table below

Rooting Medium

Murashige and Skoog medium 3 % Sucrose 7 g/L Agar pH 5.8 appropriate antibiotics – see table below

Antibiotics:

Media	Agrobacteriu m tumefaciens strain	Antibiotics	T-DNA marker	Selection antibiotic in Selection media herbicide
Selection Medium/ Rooting Medium	GV3101/ LBA4404	Cefotaxime/ Augmentin at 500 mg/L	nptll	Kanamycin at 100 mg/L (for N. benth) 100 mg/L (for N. tabacum)
	Agl1	Timentin at 320 mg/L	bar	Phosphinothricin at 2.0 mg/L (for N. benth.) 2.0 mg/L (for N. tabacum)
			hph	Hygromycin at 10 mg/L (for N. benth) 30 mg/L (for N. tabacum)

Plant preparation (Option 1)

- 1. Sterilize the seed washing it in 70% ethanol per 30 seconds.
- 2. Wash with water 3 times
- 3. Add 2% sodium hypochlorite and incubate in shaker at 100 rpm for 20 minutes
- 4. Wash with water 6 times to remove all residues
- 5. Spread the seed in a Magenta containing ½ MS media and grow in a 12 hour photoperiod for 60 days.

Plant preparation (Option 2)

- 1. Grow from seed in potting media in ~12cm pots in a growth rooms until plants are 10-20cm high. They should be no more than 3-4 weeks old and should not have started to flower. It is essential that the plants are not too mature because mature plants are resistant to Agrobacterium!
- When ready to do the transformation, harvest <u>young</u> leaves up to 10 cm in diameter.
 Surface-sterilise the leaves; briefly dip in 70% ethanol and then immerse in 1% of freshly made up sodium hypochlorite with a few drops of Tween 20 to act as a surfactant for 20-25 minutes. Stir very gently from time to time.
- 4. Wash the leaves well in several changes of sterile water. The leaves can be left in the flow cabinet for a couple of hours once they are sterilised.

Agrobacterium preparation

- 1. Three to four dayes before the transformation prepare an LB Plate with the appropriate antibiotics and grow the Agrobacterium tumefaciens for 48 hours at 28 °C to have individual colonies.
- 2. Two days before the transformation: Select two colonies and grow in 5 mL of LB liquid media containing the antibiotics for 24 hours in a 50 mL Falcon tube in the Shaker at 28°C and 220 rpm.
- 3. One day before the transformation: In a new falcon add 5 mL of LB with the appropriate antibiotics and add 100 µL of the pre-Inoculum and grow overnight at 28°C and 220 rpm.

4. On the day of transformation: when the culture has reached an OD₆₀₀ between 0.5 and 0.8 centrifuge 1 mL of Inoculum *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* at 5000 rpm and resuspend it in 1 mL of NaCl 0,85%.

Plant transformation

- 1. On a sterile filter paper cut the leaves into 1-2cm squares with a sharp scalpel and immerse in a petri dish containing liquid MS. Ensure that all the leaves have been fully wetted.
- 2. Add 200 µL of Agrobacterium solution and mix it gently.
- 3. Close the plates and incubate in the dark for 48 hours at 28°C.
- 4. Wash the explants in MS liquid media and dry on a sheet of sterile filter paper.
- 5. Transfer the explants (10 per petri dish) to **Regeneration Medium** with appropriate antibiotics (e.g. kanamycin and cefotaxime).

Week 3-6

Subculture explants onto fresh Regeneration media every **7-10 days** for around **1-2 months** until the appearance of the first shoots.

Remove shoots with a sharp scalpel and plant into **Rooting Medium** with appropriate selection antibiotics.

Transgenic plants harboring antibiotic or herbicide resistance transgenes should start to root normally within 2 weeks and can be weaned out of tissue culture into sterile peat blocks before being transplanted to the glasshouse.